

Lesson Plan

Supervisor	Dr LAM Bick Har		
Venue	Computer Room	Duration	1 hour × 2
Class	Form 4 ICT	Students	12
Module	Basic Machine Organisation	Topic	System Unit of Computer

A. Students' Prior Knowledge

Before the lesson, students are expected to be able to...

1. recognise desktop computer and monitor; and
2. use screwdrivers to tighten logic board and other components.

B. Learning Objectives (LOs)

By completing the lesson, students will be able to...

1. describe the usage of computer system units;
2. explain the advantages and disadvantages of system units;
3. evaluate the choice for computer hardware; and
4. build a personal computer on their own.

C. Teaching Procedures

Time	Activities
15	<p>Introduction</p> <p>Students will have to complete the Pre-lesson Worksheet, appended in <i>Lesson Material – (1)</i>, before the lesson. Students will have to complete a part of individual work, which serve as a pre-test tool for the teacher understanding of students' background in computer hardware. The second part of the worksheet requires students to work in groups to study a particular hardware. As the lesson aims to give a fundamental understanding to all students. Students are required to search for the usage and latest development of a component, and to search three available products on the market. Then, they will have to prepare a poster-like presentation material in any format (without anything larger than a piece of A3-sized paper).</p> <p>Students will have their mini presentations (not longer than 2 minutes) in class. By preparing the presentation material and having the presentation, students' knowledge on the particular hardware could be deepened. The poster may help students to organise the ideas graphically, which suggested for better understanding cognitively.</p>

	<p>After each presentation, students will be invited to share their comments and suggestions for the other groups' presentation. This may help students to be more engaged in class and create a positive classroom atmosphere. Besides, peer evaluation may help students to learn how to improve his/her learning.</p> <p>Then, the class will move forward by asking students whether they know why a computer will 'beep' when it fails to turn on. This question will bring them to the Direct Instruction, which introduces them the components.</p>
<p>15</p>	<p>Direct Instructions</p> <p>The students will be informed the schedule in this lesson, and students will be calmed for the excitement by saying 'I know you all are excited for building a computer today but let me talk a little bit more about the hardware so that we know more about it before doing it.</p> <p>Several major hardware components will be introduced to students, including CPU, RAM, Cooling Fans, Motherboard, HDD, SSD and Display Card. It is expected students may recognise the appearance of the hardware modules and describe it basic usage in simple language (for example, 'RAM is just like working memory as our brain').</p> <p>Then, a tutorial video of building a computer will be shown to the students as that may give a visual impression for what is coming in the next part. At the same time, students may clear up their cognitive load for receiving the information of the hardware introduced. That might prevent cognitive overloading students and ensure that graphical learners may have better idea.</p> <p>Before starting the Activity, students will be guided with the safety instructions. Students will be invited to explain why the instruction is given. Therefore, students will have better understanding of the danger. That may prevent students from controllable dangers. Simple questions will be asked to check students' understanding with the hardware.</p>

<p>5</p> <p>65</p> <p>10</p>	<p>Activity – Computer Building <i>(i) Preparation</i></p> <p>Students will be grouped into 3 or 4 based on the mini-presentation groupings, which contain students with different abilities. Students will then be invited to take the hardware and tools they will need; no power cord will be given until checking if the computer hardware are properly connected in the (iii) Boot and Troubleshooting part.</p> <p><i>(ii) Hands-on</i></p> <p>Students will be guided to install the components step by step. The process of installing a module will be demonstrated with the aid of visualiser. Then the students will follow the particular step demonstrated and the teacher will show them the next step after confirming all groups may follow.</p> <p><i>(iii) Boot and Troubleshooting</i></p> <p>The computer students built will be checked to see if the hardware modules are connected properly. If not, students will be encouraged to find out ‘something wrong’ here by giving hints to foster high order thinking and develop their troubleshooting skills. Students will be invited to share what they found that it may cause the issue.</p> <p>Students will be invited to turn on the computer with the power cord given.</p>
<p>10</p>	<p>Conclusion</p> <p>Students will be asked to share and explain if they would like to try to build their own computer or purchase one from the computer manufacturers. After that, students will be invited to explain the usage of different components for checking their understanding for the lesson materials.</p> <p>To conclude the lesson, students will be given interesting questions for discussion. For example, why we still need HDD (traditional hard drives) when SSD (newer and with many benefits by comparing to HDD) is introduced; what is the purpose of a graphic card; what if we do not have a graphic card; if without a graphic card, the computer cannot display, then why there are monitor connector port (VGA) on the motherboard? These questions may be solved in the class by knowledgeable students, which is not expected. If the questions are not solved, students will be invited to search online after the lesson and share with their classmates in the next lesson.</p>

Students will be asked to complete the Exit Ticket online, appended in *Lesson Material – (3)*. After completing the Exit Ticket, students will be briefed with the Worksheet, appended in *Lesson Material – (4)*, which consolidate their knowledge and apply their knowledge recommending a hardware specification for their friend. The Worksheet may serve as an effective tool for assessing their learning outcomes for evaluating choices for computer components.

D. Lesson Materials

- (1) Pre-lesson Worksheet
- (2) Presentation Slides
- (3) Exit Ticket
- (4) Lesson Worksheet

Lesson Material – (1) Pre-lesson Worksheet

Name Class No Date

Part A - System Units

Complete this part on your own.

1. Name all system units of a computer that you know and tell me their usage.

SYSTEM UNIT	USAGE

2. Have you ever built a personal computer? If so, please write down the specifications below.

YES / NO	SPECIFICATIONS

Part B - Group Mini-presentation
 Complete this part with your group mates.

GROUP MEMBERS

Class	Class Number	Full Name

TOPIC

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(The topic is assigned in the last lesson.)

| STEP 1 Online Searching

Features	
Latest Technologies	

Find three products of the assigned hardware topic

Models			
Brand			
Price			
Specifications (e.g. speed/ storage size...)			

| STEP 2 Group Presentation

INSTRUCTIONS

After finding the relevant information from the internet, you may start to prepare the presentation poster.

REMINDERS

1. Keep it short and precise, 1-minute is good, and 2-minute is long enough.
2. Feel free to create anything (e.g. poster, mind map, drawings...) you like for the presentation, as long as it is not larger than a piece of A3 paper.

BRAINSTORM AREA

Lesson Material – (2) Presentation Slides

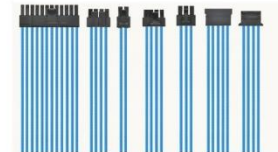
<p style="text-align: center;">System Unit of Computer</p> <p style="text-align: right;">1</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Mini-presentation Time for your work!</p> <p style="text-align: right;">2</p>
<p>1. CPU Central Processing Unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The main component of a computer - Control all different component to work together  <p style="text-align: right;">3</p>	 <p style="text-align: right;">4</p>
<p>2. CPU Fans</p> <p>CPU Fans keeps the CPU cool, it helps to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - (i) maintain its performance - (ii) protect the CPU from burning  <p style="text-align: right;">5</p>	<p>3. Motherboard</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Connects all components, allowing the units to communicate  <p style="text-align: right;">6</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">7</p>	<p>4. RAM Random Access Memory</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - RAM is the working memory for a computer - It loses all data when there is no power  <p style="text-align: right;">8</p>
 <p style="text-align: right;">9</p>	<p>5. Storage Devices</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Where the computer stores most of its data - HDD <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using disks and magnetising to store data - with a long history - SSD <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using integrated circuits - Newly developed technology by comparison  <p style="text-align: right;">10</p>



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6. Power Supply Unit

- Converting AC power to DC power for the component



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7. GPU (Graphics Processing Unit)

- Specially designed for heavy graphic load work.



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BUILD A PERSONAL COMPUTER (PC)

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Why DIY your own computer?

- Fully customise the parts base on your needs
- Save money by comparing to pre-built computers with similar hardware
- Upgrading single component without concerning the warranty
- Learn a new skill : D

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Tools

Required

Screwdrivers



Scissors



Optional

Flashlight



Cable



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Safety 101

Hands away from the connectors
(Stay away from anything is gold)

Keep yourself and the component away from electrostatic discharge
(Touch something metal and grounded)

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Safety 101

Screws are fine when they are fine
(Keep the screws tighten with proper pressure)

Keep the hardware away from magnetic
(Use wooden table without magnetic tray)

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Safety 101

Power the device only when it is ready
(Connect the power cord only when all works are completed)

Stay yourself safe by holding for a few minutes after unplugging
(Start working on the component 1-2 minutes after unplugging the power cord)

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Let's Build

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Step 1: Open the Case

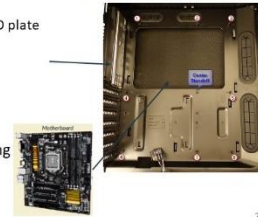
1. Remove the back screws
2. Take side cover off



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Step 2: Mount Motherboard

1. Screw standoffs into the case
2. Install the I/O plate
3. Fasten the motherboard on top of the mounting standoffs



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Step 3: Mount Processor (CPU)

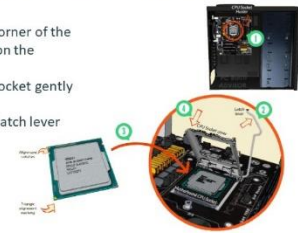
1. Lift up the latch lever
2. Open the CPU socket cover



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Step 3: Mount Processor (CPU)

3. Hold the CPU by its sides
4. Line up the triangle on the corner of the CPU to the triangle marked on the motherboard
5. Place it down into the CPU socket gently
6. Close the socket cover
7. Lock it by putting down the latch lever



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Step 4: Install CPU cooler

1. Apply thermal paste to the back of CPU
2. Fix the CPU cooler in position
3. Plug the power cable attached to the cooler fan into the motherboard



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Step 5: Install Power Supply (PSU)

1. Mount the PSU and fasten with screws to the case
2. Plug the largest cabling connector into the motherboard
3. Plug the 8-pin cable into the CPU



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Step 6: Mount RAM

1. Press to open the clips of the RAM slots
2. Line up the notch on the RAM stick with the slot
3. Press it firmly down into the slot



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Step 7: Install Graphics card

1. Remove the expansion slot covers from the rear of your case
2. Slots the graphics card into a PCI expansion slot
3. Tighten the screws of the slot graphics card
4. Plug in the power cable from the PSU into the graphics card (if needed)



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Step 8: Mount storage drives

1. Mount drives in the case drive bays
2. Connect the drive to the motherboard
3. Plug in power cable to the drives from PSU



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Step 9: Connect Front Panel Connectors

1. Identify the cabling from the front panel ports of the PC



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System Unit of Computer

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Exit Ticket
What do you think?

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Lesson Material – (3) Exit Ticket

Exit Ticket

Before you leave class today, answer the following questions.

* Required

1. Name *

2. Email

3. Name three things you learnt today *

4. Did you feel prepared for today's lesson? Why or why not? *



5. What would help make today's lesson more effective? *

6. Any questions in mind? *

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Google Forms

Lesson Material – (4) Worksheet

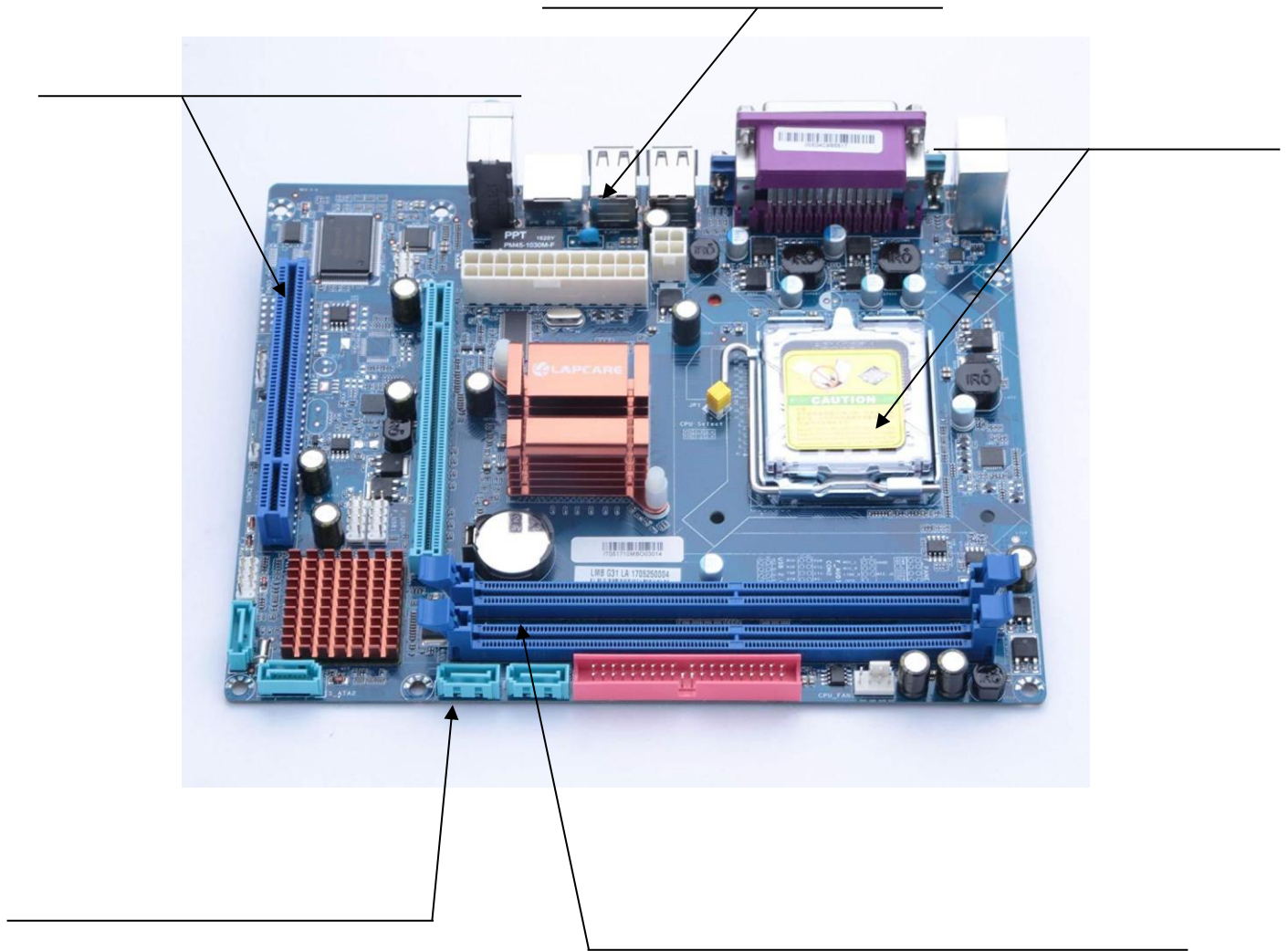
Name

Class

No

Date

Part A - Fill-in-the-blanks



Part B - Multiple-choice

1. Which of the following are components inside a system unit of a computer?
 - (1) Power supply
 - (2) Motherboard
 - (3) Scanner

A. (1) and (2) only
B. (1) and (3) only
C. (2) and (3) only
D. (1), (2) and (3)
2. A DVD is a/an _____.
 - A. storage peripheral
 - B. input peripheral
 - C. output peripheral
 - D. communication peripheral
3. Random Access Memory is a/an _____.
 - A. storage peripheral
 - B. input peripheral
 - C. output peripheral
 - D. communication peripheral
4. Solid State Drive is a/an _____.
 - A. storage peripheral
 - B. input peripheral
 - C. output peripheral
 - D. communication peripheral

Part C - Short Question


1. What are the differences between Solid-State Drive and Optical Hard drive?

2. What is a CPU?

Part D - Scenarios

You are their friend, Tom. You have received a message from your friend. Please help for choosing the components addressing their needs.

Please help one of them (A or B) according to your student number. For odd, please work on A (Sam); then if even, please work on scenario B (Jacky).

A – Sam’s Message	B – Message from Jacky
<p><i>Hi Tom, it's Sam. I may need your help to build a pc for me. I am going to Secondary 4. There are many things to do on the computer. I only use it for making some documents and notes. It will be better if the cost is as low as possible. I can't afford it if it's so expensive. The budget is around 1k - 3k. Thank you!</i></p>	<p>Tom! I'm Jacky. I'm going to be a e-sporter soon so I want to build a TOP-class computer that can be able to play every game. Also, I need a big computer case with RGB lighting inside the case just as shown in the photo below.</p>  <p>I have \$15k - \$25k budget can be spent on building a PC. Thanks</p>

INSTRUCTIONS

Here is what you are going to do:

1. **Think** what kind of hardware suits them
2. **Search** information online or make use of the lesson worksheet
3. **Recommend** one product for them
4. **Tell** us what you are thinking behind

YOUR SUGGESTION

	ITEM	PRICE
	CPU	HK\$
	Motherboard	HK\$
	RAM	HK\$
	GPU	HK\$
	Storage	HK\$
	Power	HK\$
	Case	HK\$
	Accessories	HK\$
		HK\$
		HK\$
	Total Price	HK\$

Why did you choose this specification for your friends?